Statement

Circle-wise Commissioning Programme of Telephone Connections and Village Phones proposed during 1992—97.

Sl. No.	Name of the Circle	Telephone Connections	Village Public Telephones
1.	Andhra Pradesh	514300	12791
2.	Assam	59100	12293
3.	Bihar	101000	32068
4.	Gujarat (including Dadar, Nagar Haveli, Daman & Diu.)	630400	11717
5.	Haryana	230600	3632
6.	Himachal Pradesh	56400	7890
7.	J&K	42300	3213
8.	Karnataka	475700	14050
9.	Kerala	390600	558
10.	Madhya Pradesh	319600	35463
11.	Maharashtra (including Goa & MTNL Bombay)	1670700	27331
12.	North East	25100	7092
13.	Orissa	48900	17073
14.	Punjab (including Chandigarh)	396700	10009
15.	Rajasthan	331600	17206
16.	Tamil Nadu (including Pondicherry & Madras)	634200	6526
17.	Uttar Pradesh	421000	84679
18.	West Bengal (including Sikkim, Andaman & Nicobar and Calcutta)	181800	15972
19.	Delhi	970000	..
	TOTAL :	7500000	319563

टेलीफोन लाइनों की आवश्यकता

4513. **श्री दिलीप सिंह जूदेव** : क्या **संचार** मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) देश में अगले तीन वर्षों के दौरान अनुमानत: कुल कितनी टेलीफोन लाइनों की आवश्यकता है;

(ख) क्या समूची टेलीफोन लाइनों के निर्माण/उनकी आपूर्ति के लिए विदेशी कम्पनियों को आमंत्रित किया जा रहा है; और

(ग) यदि नहीं, तो "सी-डॉट" प्रौद्योगिकी का प्रयोग कर रहे स्थानीय विनिर्माताओं को इसमें से कितनी लाइनों के निर्माण का कार्य सौंपा जाएगा ?

संचार मंत्रालय के राज्य मंत्री (श्री सुखराम):(क) अगले तीन वर्षों के दौरान लगभग 83 लाख टेलीफोन लाइनों की आवश्यकता होने का अनुमान है ।

(ख) जी नहीं । केवल भारत में रजिस्टर्ड कम्पनियों को ही दूरसंचार विभाग के प्रयासों में सहयोग करने के लिए मूलभूत दूरसंचार सेवाएं प्रदान करने की अनुमति देने का प्रस्ताव है ।

(ग) सी-डॉट प्रौद्योगिकी प्रयोग करके अधिकांश टेलीफोन लाइनें दिए जाने का प्रस्ताव है जिसका निर्धारण वर्षानुवर्ष आधार पर वास्तविक मांग तथा संस्थापित किए जाने वाले अपेक्षित एक्सचेंजों के आकार को ध्यान में रखते हुए किया जाएगा ।

Demand and Supply of Telephones in Rajasthan

4514. SHRI RAMDAS AGARWAL: Will the Minister of COMMUNICATIONS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have chalked out any programme to expand further its telephone network, with the object of providing telephones almost on demand by the end of 1995-96 in Rajasthan, particularly in Jaipur city to applicants who got registered for supply of telephones in 1991-92, category-wise;

(b) if so, what is the present demand and supply position, as on the 31st March, 1995 from 1991-92, year-wise onwards indicating reasons for backlog, if any, for the cities of Rajasthan, City-wise particularly in Jaipur, with total number of registered people for supply and the number of those on waiting list;

(c) how many inter-exchange junctions are on reliable digital media like microwave and optical Fibre Systems, indicating further introduction of SDH (State of the art Synchronous Digital Hierarchy) system like Delhi for improving reliability of transmission in Jaipur; and

(d) how many digital electronic exchanges are at present in existence as on the 31st March, 1995 and what is the future programme of expansion with an equipped capacity of required lines?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHRI SUKH RAM): (a) No, Sir. However, the National Telecom Policy, 1994 envisages to provide telephone connections on demand by 1997. Expansion of telephone network in Rajasthan including Jaipur is being planned accordingly.

(b) The demand and supply position of telephones in Rajasthan and that of Jaipur City is as per annexed Statement. (*See* below). Reason for backlog was primarily limited availability of resources.

(c) In Jaipur City, 2580 inter-exchange junctions are on reliable digital media. There is no plan at present for introduction of SDH (Synchronous Digital Hierarchy) system in Jaipur.

(d) Total 1367 digital electronic exchanges are in existance in Rajasthan as on 31-3-95. As per the development plan 153600 lines are to be added to the equipped capacity during 1995-96.